By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Gruters

590-02526-22 2022974c1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to sovereign immunity; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; increasing the statutory limits on liability for tort claims against the state and its agencies and subdivisions; requiring the Department of Financial Services to adjust the limitations on tort liability every 10 years after a specified date and publish the adjustments on its website; reenacting ss. 45.061, 110.504, 111.071, 163.01, 190.043, 213.015, 252.51, 252.89, 252.944, 260.0125, 284.31, 284.38, 322.13, 337.19, 341.302, 373.1395, 375.251, 381.0056, 393.075, 395.1055, 403.706, 409.993, 455.221, 455.32, 456.009, 456.076, 471.038, 472.006, 497.167, 513.118, 548.046, 556.106, 589.19, 723.0611, 760.11, 766.1115, 766.112, 768.1355, 768.295, 944.713, 946.5026, 946.514, 961.06, 1002.33, 1002.333, 1002.34, 1002.55, 1002.83, 1002.88, 1006.24, and 1006.261, F.S., to incorporate the amendments made to s. 768.28, F.S., in references thereto; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 768.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; civil liability for damages caused during a riot; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.—

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(5)(a) The state and its agencies and subdivisions are shall be liable for tort claims in the same manner and to the same extent as a private individual under like circumstances, but liability does shall not include punitive damages or interest for the period before judgment. Neither The state, nor its agencies, and its or subdivisions are not shall be liable to pay a claim or a judgment by any one person which exceeds the sum of \$300,000 \$200,000 or any claim or judgment, or portions thereof, which, when totaled with all other claims or judgments paid by the state or its agencies or subdivisions arising out of the same incident or occurrence, exceeds the sum of \$400,000 \$300,000. However, a judgment or judgments may be claimed and rendered in excess of these amounts and may be settled and paid pursuant to this section act up to \$300,000 \$200,000 or \$400,000, as applicable. The \$300,000, as the case may be; and that portion of the judgment that exceeds these amounts may be reported to the Legislature, but may be paid in part or in whole only by further act of the Legislature.

(b) Notwithstanding the limited waiver of sovereign immunity under paragraph (a) provided herein, the state or an agency or subdivision thereof may agree, within the limits of insurance coverage provided, to settle a claim made or a judgment rendered against it without further action by the Legislature, but the state or agency or subdivision thereof does shall not waive be deemed to have waived any defense of sovereign immunity or increase to have increased the limits of its liability as a result of its obtaining insurance coverage for tortious acts in excess of the \$300,000 \$200,000 or \$400,000 \$300,000 waiver provided in paragraph (a) above.

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<u>(c)</u> The limitations of liability set forth in this subsection shall apply to the state and its agencies and subdivisions whether or not the state or its agencies or subdivisions possessed sovereign immunity before July 1, 1974.

- (d) Beginning July 1, 2032, and on July 1 every 10 years thereafter, the Department of Financial Services shall adjust the limitations of liability in this subsection, rounded to the nearest \$10,000, to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index for the Southeast or a successor index as calculated by the United States Department of Labor. After each adjustment, the department must publish the adjusted liability limitation amounts on its website which amounts shall apply to causes of action accruing on or after the October 1 following the adjustment date.
- (e) (b) A municipality has a duty to allow the municipal law enforcement agency to respond appropriately to protect persons and property during a riot or an unlawful assembly based on the availability of adequate equipment to its municipal law enforcement officers and relevant state and federal laws. If the governing body of a municipality or a person authorized by the governing body of the municipality breaches that duty, the municipality is civilly liable for any damages, including damages arising from personal injury, wrongful death, or property damages proximately caused by the municipality's breach of duty. The sovereign immunity recovery limits in paragraph (a) do not apply to an action under this paragraph.

Section 2. <u>Sections 45.061, 110.504, 111.071, 163.01, 190.043, 213.015, 252.51, 252.89, 252.944, 260.0125, 284.31, 284.38, 322.13, 337.19, 341.302, 373.1395, 375.251, 381.0056,</u>

590-02526-22 2022974c1 88 393.075, 395.1055, 403.706, 409.993, 455.221, 455.32, 456.009, 89 456.076, 471.038, 472.006, 497.167, 513.118, 548.046, 556.106, 589.19, 723.0611, 760.11, 766.1115, 766.112, 768.1355, 768.295, 90 944.713, 946.5026, 946.514, 961.06, 1002.33, 1002.333, 1002.34, 91 92 1002.55, 1002.83, 1002.88, 1006.24, and 1006.261, Florida 93 Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the 94 amendments made by this act to s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, in 95 references thereto. 96 Section 3. This act applies to claims arising on or after 97 October 1, 2022. 98 Section 4. This act shall take effect October 1, 2022.

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